

Exercises 2

Numbers Number sets, intervals, absolute value

Objectives

- know the definition and elements of the set of real numbers, rational numbers, integers, natural numbers.
- know and understand what an open, half-open, closed interval is.
- know and understand what the absolute value of a real number is.
- be able to perform basic operations with real numbers.

Problems

2.1 Decide whether each statement is true or false:

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| a) $4 \in \mathbb{N}$ | b) $-\frac{14}{7} \in \mathbb{Z}$ | c) $\sqrt{2} \in \mathbb{Q}$ |
| d) $\sqrt{9} \in \mathbb{N}$ | e) $\sqrt{9} \in \mathbb{Q}$ | f) $\sqrt{9} \in \mathbb{R}$ |
| g) $1.67854 \in \mathbb{Q}$ | h) $1.67854 \in \mathbb{Q}$ | i) $\mathbb{N} \subset \mathbb{Z}$ |
| j) $\mathbb{Z} \subseteq \mathbb{Q}$ | k) $\mathbb{Q} \subset \mathbb{R}$ | l) $\mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{N}$ |

2.2 Determine the following sets:

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| a) $\mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{N}$ | b) $\mathbb{Z} \cup \mathbb{N}$ | c) $\mathbb{Z} \cap \mathbb{N}$ |
| d) $\mathbb{Q} \cap (\mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{Q})$ | e) $\mathbb{Q} \cup (\mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{Q})$ | f) $(\mathbb{Q} \setminus \mathbb{Z}) \cap \mathbb{N}$ |

2.3 Harshbarger/Reynolds*: Chapter 0 (Algebraic Concepts), Section 0.2 (p. 9-15)
(Scanned pages 2-55 and A1-A5 in file “Algebraic Concepts.pdf” on Moodle)

- a) Theory (p. 9-13) b) Exercises (p. 13-15)

*Harshbarger, R.J. and Reynolds, J.J.: Mathematical Applications for the Management, Life, and Social Sciences; Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston / New York 2007, 8th edition, ISBN 978-0-618-73162-6

2.4 Decide which statements are true or false. Put a mark into the corresponding box.
In each problem a) to c), exactly one statement is true.

- a)
- | | |
|--------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | $\mathbb{N} \cup \mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{Q}$ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | $\mathbb{Q} \setminus \mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{N}$ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | $\mathbb{Q} \cap \mathbb{R} = \mathbb{Q}$ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | $\mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{N} = \{-1, -2, -3, \dots\}$ |
- b) Assume that x is a rational number. Therefore, it can be concluded that x is ...
- | | |
|--------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | ... a real number. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | ... an integer. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | ... a fraction where both numerator and denominator are natural numbers. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | ... a natural number. |
- c)
- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | $\mathbb{N} = [1, \infty)$ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | $3 \in (3, 4)$ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | $[3, 4] \cup (3, 4) = (3, 4)$ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | $[3, 4] \setminus (3, 4) = \{3, 4\}$ |

Answers

- $$2.2 \quad \text{a)} \quad \mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{N} = \{0, -1, -2, -3, \dots\}$$

- b) $\mathbb{Z} \cup \mathbb{N} = \mathbb{Z}$
 - c) $\mathbb{Z} \cap \mathbb{N} = \mathbb{N}$
 - d) $\mathbb{Q} \cap (\mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{Q}) = \{\}$
 - e) $\mathbb{Q} \cup (\mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{Q}) = \mathbb{R}$
 - f) $(\mathbb{Q} \setminus \mathbb{Z}) \cap \mathbb{N} = \{\}$

- 2.3 see Harshbarger/Reynolds: Chapter 0, Algebraic Concepts
(Scanned pages 2-55 and A1-A5 in file “Algebraic Concepts.pdf” on Moodle)

- 2.4 a) 3rd statement
 b) 1st statement
 c) 4th statement